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THE ARTHROPOD FAUNA OF CONIFEROUS LEADERS WEEVILED BY *PISSODES STROBI* (PECK).¹

By RAYMOND L. TAYLOR.

An interesting feature of a study of the bionomics of the white pine weevil, *Pissodes strobi* (Peck), is the varied fauna found associated with it under the same general ecological conditions. Many of these forms bear the very definite relationship of parasite and host or predator and prey, but there remains a number of coexistent species which show no obvious connection with the weevil. This paper deals with the latter group.

In the course of dissecting a large number of the weeviled terminal shoots of the white pine, Pinus strobus, Scotch pine, P. sylvestris, and Norway spruce, Picea excelsa, but principally while breeding out parasitic forms, an incidental series of 90 spiders, mites and insects was obtained. The majority of the miscellany treated herein represent the captures on or near a scrim screen in the window of a room in which 2602 leaders weeviled the previous summer were confined. The primary purpose of this breeding room was to obtain a large number of the insect parasites of Pissodes with a minimum of labor and breeding apparatus. Most of the fauna from this room were taken under conditions which, perhaps, do not establish conclusively that they were from the shoots, but it may be said that the breeding room was empty, except for the shoots, and all doors and cracks were sealed with gummed paper strips. It was, in general, made tight to prevent the escape of the desired parasites. It would seem, at least where species were numerous, that origin in the leaders is indicated. Fauna obtained from smaller cages, with no possibility of other origin, are noted as from localities other than Massachusetts.

This list is presented for what value and interest it may be worth. All specific determinations were made by specialists in the various groups. The following key will show by whom the determination was made, the abbreviation being enclosed in brackets in each case after the specific name.

¹Contribution from the Entomological Laboratory of the Bussey Institution, Harvard University, No. 301.

Psyche

A—J. M. Aldrich Bl—M. W. Blackman Bu—August Busck C—E. A. Chapin Em—J. H. Emerton Ew—H. E. Ewing F-C. A. Frost H-Carl Heinrich J-C. W. Johnson R-S. A. Rohwer S-Grace Sandhouse

Grateful acknowledgement is hereby made to these authorities for their kindness, and to Mr. H. J. MacAloney and Dr. T. C. Barnes for permission to incorporate a part of their unpublished lists of incidental fauna from the same type of material, twelve and two species respectively. Species bred out by these investigators will be so noted. All localities, if not otherwise stated, are Boston, Mass. and environs.

It should be made clear that the following several classes are definitely *excluded* from this list:

1. All parasitic Hymenoptera, whether parasites of *Pissodes* strobi or otherwise.

2. Several predacious Clerids, one fly definitely known to be connected with the white pine weevil, one fly erroneously connected with the weevil in the literature, and one lepidopteron which is facultatively predacious upon Pissodes. These two classes are reserved for another and more extended paper.

3. All insects known to work in these leaders but not obtained, e. g., the pine tip moth, *Rhycionia frustrana*, the pinebark aphid, *Adelges pinicorticis*, A. pinifoliæ, Pissodes affinis, P. approximatus, Hylobius pales, et al. The white pine weevil, itself, was not obtained from the breeding room or the cages, although rarely, living adults may emerge after hibernation in the pupal cell.

It is realized that this miscellany is not a complete list of the arthropods associated with weeviled leaders, but it is believed that it comprises a fair representation of those forms which more or less regularly live or hibernate in such shoots.

CLASS ARACHNIDA

In the opinion of Mr. J. H. Emerton, all of the following spiders, except *Agelena nævia*, were very probably from no source Arthropod Fauna of Coniferous Leaders

other than the leaders. There can be no question in the case of *Theridion murarium*, as it has often been dissected out of the leaders in the fall. Mr. Emerton states that no place of hibernation for this species has been reported previously. The indications are that this spider invades empty weevil pupal cells in the fall for shelter only.

Order Araneae

Family Dictynidae

Dictyna muraria Em. [Em.] Late March, April. A few halfgrown.

Family Theridiidæ

Theridion frondeum Htz. [Em.] April. 2 young:

T. murarium Em. [Em.] April. Abundant, all half-grown. Family Linyphiidæ

Tmeticus bostoniensis Em. [Em.] April. 1 female adult. Family *Argiopidæ* (*Epciridæ*)

Epeira displicata Htz. [Em.] April. Common, all young.

E. patigiata Em. [Em.] May. Several, all young.

Family Thomisidæ

Philodromus sp. [Em.] April. 1 young.

P. sp. [Em.] April. 2 young.

Family Clubionidæ

Clubiona abboti L. Koch. [Em.] April. 1 female adult. Family Agelenidæ

Agelena nævia Walck. [Em.] April. 1 very young. Family Salticidæ

Mævia vittata Htz. [Em.] May. 1 very young.

Tutelina (Icius) elegans Htz. [Em.] May. 1 very young.

Wala mitrata Htz. [Em.] April. 1 very young.

W. palmarum Htz. [Em.] April. 1 very young.

Order Acarina

Family Tarsonemidæ

Pediculoides ventricosus Newport. In frass under bark, spring and fall. Rare to abundant. Predacious on variety of larvæ in shoot; of no particular effect on *Pissodes strobi*, but highly destructive to insect cultures reared in the laboratory.

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Psyche

Family Tyroglyphidae [Ew.]

Migratory, non-parasitic nymphs, or hypopi, of this family very common in frass and on a wide variety of insects. Particularly abundant in material from Ohio and New Hampshire. June, July.

CLASS INSECTA

Order Corrodentia

Family Psocida

Psocus sp. [J.] July. 19.

Order HEMIPTERA

Family Miridæ

Deracoris pacilus McAtee. [J.] May. 2.

Phytocoris eximius Reut. [J.] June. 1. Also Sizerville, Pa. July. 1.

Order Homoptera

Family Chermidæ Psylla sp. [J.] May. 2.

Order Coleoptera

Mr. C. A. Frost has stated that it is remarkable that so many of the species listed below are "scavengers or inclined that way." He adds that he believes it very likely that (of the earlier forms) *Attagenus*, which was abundant, *Laricobius*, a rare form, possibly *Cryptophagus*, and *Glischrochilus*, regularly hibernate in white pine shoots. The occurrence of *Ptinus fur*, however, he considers unusual and yet it occurred in significant numbers. The striking abundance of *Galerucella luteola*, the elm leaf beetle, seems worthy of note.

Family Carabida

Stenolophus conjunctus (Say). [F.] Early May. 1. Family Histeridæ

Carcinops quatuordecimstriata Steph. [F.] May. 1. Family Cleridæ

Thanasimus dubius (Fab.). [F.] Sept. 1. Hydnocera unifasciata Say. [C.] June, July. 12.

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	Phyllobanus dislocatus Say. [C.] June, July. 18.
	Three species omitted.
Fan	nily Dermestida
	Attagenus pellio Linn. [F.] May. 26.
	Trogoderma ornata Say. [C.] June. 1.
	Anthrenus scrophulariæ (Linn.). [F. & C.] The carpet beetle
May	7, June. 3.
•	A. verbasci (Linn.) [C.] July. 1.
Fan	nily Ostomidæ
	Tenebroides corticalis (Melsh.). [F.] Late May. 1.
Fan	nily Nitidulida
	Glischrochilus fasciatus (Oliv.). [F.] April. 1.
Fan	nily Derodontidæ
	Laribobius erichsoni Rosenh. [F.] April. 1.
Fan	nily Cryptophagidæ
	Cryptophilus integer (Heer.) [F.] Readfield, Me. Sept. 1.
	Cryptophagus acutangulus Gyll. [F.] May. 4. Also Durham,
N. I	I., Roscommon, Mich.
	C. sp. [F.] Late May. 1.
	Atomaria sp. [F.] Concord, N. H. Early June. 1.
Fam	ily Coccinellidæ
	Scymnus punctatus Melsh. [F.] Late May. 1.
Fam	ily Alleculidæ
	Hymenorus sp. [C.] July. 1.
Fam	ily Tenebrionidæ
	Tenebrio obscurus Fab. [C.] July. 1.
Fam	ily Melandryidæ
	Canifa pallipes (Melsh.) [F.] Late May. 3.
	ily Ptinidæ
	Ptinus fur Linn. [F. & C.] April to June. 18.
Fam	ily Anobiida
	Sitodrepa panicea (Linn.). [C.] The drug-store beetle. July. 1.
	Calostethus notatus (Say). [F.] April, May. 3.
Fam	ily Scarabeidæ
	Trox scaber (Linn.). [C.] July. 1.
	Phyllophaga fusca (Froelich). [F.] May. 1.
	ily Cerambycida
	Pogonocherus tomentosus Hald. [F.] Readfield, Me. Sept. 1.

Family Chrysomelidæ

Galerucella luteola Mull. (xanthomelæna Schrank). [F.] The elm-leaf beetle. May, early June. 165.

Family Curculionidæ

Magdalis perforata Horn. [F.] Mont Alto, Pa. June. 1. Family Scolytidæ

Pityophthorus cariniceps Lec. [B1.] May. 1.

P. puberulus Lec. [Swaine.] Bred by Barnes. N.Y.

Order LEPIDOPTERA

Family Tineidæ

Tinea sp. [Bu] June. 1. Not a pine feeder. Family $Tischerid\alpha$

Tischeria sp. [Bu.] June. 1. Not a pine feeder. Family *Lyonetiidæ*

Bucculatrix sp. [Bu.] June. 1. Not a pine species. Family $Gracelariid\alpha$

Lithocolletis ostensackenella Fitch. [Bu.] June. 1. Feeds on Robinia.

Family Heliozelidæ

Agonopteryx (Depressaria) atrodorsella Clem. [J.] April. Common.

Family Gelechiidæ

Eucordylea atrupictella Dietz. [Bu.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

Paralechia pinifoliella Kearf. [Bu.] June. 1. The pine-leaf miner.

Recurvaria piceaella Kearf. [Bu.] June. 1.

Family Tortricidæ

Laspeyresia youngana Kearf. [H.] June. 7.

Taniva albolineana Kearf. (var. of Peronea hastiana Linn.?) [H.] June. 1.

Family Pyralidæ

Canarsia ulmiarrosorella Clem. [H.] June. 3. Not a pine insect; feeds on elm.

Diaryctria abietella Fab. [A.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

• One species omitted.

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Order DIPTERA

Family Trichoceridæ

Trichocera brumalis Fitch. [J.] April. 1.

Family Chironomidæ

Forcipomyia specularis Coq. [A.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

Family Cecidomyiidæ

Lestodiplosis iridipennis Johnson. [J.] Oneonta, N.Y. June. 2. Family Sciaridæ

Sciara sp. [J.] May. Abundant. Also Oneonta, N. Y., Ansonia, Pa., Sizerville, Pa., Milroy, Pa., Durham, N. H. and Roscommon, Mich.

Family Scutopsidæ

Reichertella femoralis (Mg.). [J.] May, June. Common. Also Oneonta, N. Y., McConnellsburg, Pa., Sizerville, Pa., Milroy, Pa., Fayetteville, Pa., Concord, N. H.

Family Scenopinidæ

Scenopinus fenestralis Linn. [J. & A.] June, July. 4.

S. glabrifrons Mg. [J.] Late June. 1.

Family Dolichopodida

Medeterus sp. [J.] June. 1.

Family Empididæ

Tachydromia sp. Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass. Family Phoridæ

Megaselida (Aphiochæta) rufipes Mg. [J.] May. 3.

Family Tachinidæ

Chætotachina simulans Mg. [J.] June. 1. Mr. C. W. Johnson believes this form to be parasitic upon sawflies, of which a number invade the pupal cells of Pissodes to hibernate.

One species omitted.

Family Calliphorida

Calliphora erythrocephala Mg. [J.] May. 1.

• Family Muscidæ

Muscina stabulans Fall. [A.] The common stable fly. Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

Family Rorboridæ

Leptocera sp. [A.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

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Family Sapromyzidæ

Sapromyza rotundicornis Lw. [A.] Durham, N. H. June. 2. Family Lonchaeidæ

One species omitted.

Family Chloropidæ

Gaurax apicalis Mall. [Malloch.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

G. festiva Lw. [J.] Oneonta, N. Y. July. 2.

G. sp. [J.] May. 1.

Hippelates sp. Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

Madiza glabra [A.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass. Botanobia (Oscinella) coxendi Fitch. [A.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

B. frit Linn. [J.] Late May. 9. Also Concord, N. H., Mont Alto, Pa., Northwestern Ct., and Oneonta, N. Y.

Family Drosophilidæ

Chymomyza amæna Lw. [A.] Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.

Drosophila funebris Fab. [J.] May. 6.

Scaptomyza graminum Fall. [A.] Ann Arbor, Mich. June, July. 27.

Family Milichiidæ

Desmometopa latipes Mg. [A.] July. 1.

Family Ochthiphilidæ

Leucopis simplex Lw. [J.] Common. Also China, Me., Mc-Connellsburg, Pa.

Order HYMENOPTERA

Family Tenthredinidæ

Dr. Rohwer has written in reference to the following sawflies: "Not any of these species feed on pines. They feed in the larval stage on herbaceous shrubs, and were using the burrows of Pissodes only as places to hibernate."

Ametastegia glabrata (Fall.). [R.] Late May. 1 male.

Emphytus mellipes Nort. [R.] May, early June. 6 males, 4 females.

Emphytina aperta (Nort.). [R.] Readfield, Me. June. 1 male; Concord, N. H. Early June 1 male.

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E. tener (Fall.). [R.] May. 2 males, 3 females; Fayetteville,
Pa. Late May, 1 female; Ansonia, Pa. May. 1 female.
Hemitaxonus dubitatus (Nort.). [R.] Late May. 1 male.
Strongylogaster soriculatipes Cress. [R.] June. 1 female.
Pontania sp. [R.] June. 1 female.

The parasitic families Braconidæ, Ichneumonidæ, Ceraphronidæ, Diapriidæ, Cynipidæ, Chalcididæ, Eurytomidæ, Eupelmidæ, Pteromalidæ and Eulophidæ, of which a number of species were obtained, are omitted.

Family Vespidæ

Ancistrocerus tigris (Suass.). [J.] June. 1.

Family Sphecida

Trypoxylon frigidum Sm. [R.] Bred by Barnes. N. Y.

Stigmus fraternus Say (?) [S.] June. 1.

Pemphredon (*Diphlebus*) sp. [S.] June 5. Also Sidney and Readfield, Me. July.

Passalacus annulatus Say (?) [S.] June. 1.

P. sp. [S.] June. 1.

Xylocelia sp. [S.] June. 1.

Family Hylaeidæ

Hylaeus sp. Bred by MacAloney, Petersham, Mass.